

STARTER UNIT

Pronouns and possessive adjectives

1 Complete the sentences. Use the words in the box.

I her me he our your
him us they you

Hello. My name's Anna. I 'm Irish.

- 1 Where do come from?
- 2 This is my brother.'s fifteen.
- 3 I sometimes go out with my sister and her friends.
..... 're good fun.
- 4 She usually does homework in the evenings.
- 5 We live here. garden isn't very big.
- 6 Where's Carlos? Can you see
- 7 I don't know the answer. Why are you asking
..... ?
- 8 Can I borrow camera?
- 9 Are you coming with? We're going to the café.

Present simple and adverbs of frequency

2 Complete the sentences. Use the verbs in the box.

send do download meet walk go wear
use not speak not play

My mother never uses a computer.

- 1 I to school every day. I never go by bus.
- 2 We always a uniform at school.
- 3 He sometimes music from the Internet.
- 4 My friends and I always text messages to each other.
- 5 She often computer games.
- 6 Sandra and Max usually their friends in the evening.
- 7 You never your homework.
- 8 I Italian.
- 9 We often shopping at the weekend.

Question forms: be, can, have got, do

3 Tick (✓) the correct sentence in each pair.

- a Where do you live? ✓
- b Where does you live?
- 1 a What's your name?
- b What has your name?
- 2 a What time have we got our music lesson?
- b What time do we got our music lesson?

- 3 a Can I to send a text message from your phone?
- b Can I send a text message from your phone?
- 4 a How often do you do go windsurfing?
- b How often do you go windsurfing?
- 5 a Does Carlos play a lot of computer games?
- b Has Carlos play a lot of computer games?
- 6 a When can we have dinner?
- b When we can have dinner?
- 7 a How many brothers have you got?
- b How many brothers have got you?
- 8 a When does the party start?
- b When starts the party?
- 9 a Where are your parents?
- b Where do be your parents?

Common errors

4 Circle the correct words.

'What does your father do?' 'He's a journalist / jornalist.'

- 1 We live in a house really old / really old house.
- 2 'Do you like the book?' 'It's / Is very interesting.'
- 3 My best friend she loves / loves rap music.
- 4 I prefer pop music / the pop music.
- 5 Have you got a sandwich? I have / 'm really hungry.
- 6 My mum's teacher / a teacher.
- 7 I have / 'm sixteen years old. How old are you?
- 8 My brother goes / he goes to a different school.
- 9 I love maths. It's / Is my favourite subject.
- 10 I like the football / football, but I don't like the tennis / tennis.

UNIT 1

Relative pronouns

1 Complete the sentences. Use who, which or where.

People *who wear red* are usually warm and happy.

- I don't like films are very sad.
- I'm looking for a place it's quiet.
- Australia is a place it's sunny most of the year.
- Surfing is a sport I love.
- I like people are honest and sensitive.
- I prefer books are easy to read.
- People are moody are often also tense.
- Do you know a good café we can have lunch?
- Portuguese is the language I want to learn next.
- The maths teacher teaches my brother is very intelligent.

Adverbs: possibility

2 Write the words in the correct order.

holiday / on / they / probably / are

They are probably on holiday.

- looks / man / definitely / that / friendly
- embarrassed / a / she / feels / maybe / bit
- a / he's / little / perhaps / shy
- probably / out / to / you / go / want
- going / like / football / they / to / perhaps / matches
- place / is / Madrid / an / definitely / exciting
- probably / later / can / watch / we / TV
- play / definitely / can / piano / the / he
- worried / I'm / it / about / maybe
- boyfriend / girlfriend / are / they / probably / and

Present continuous

3 Complete the sentences. Use the words in the box.

'm having 's are waiting we
they aren't tidying isn't

It 's snowing and she isn't wearing a jumper.

- What you looking at?
- Where are they lunch?
- She listening to me.
- Linda and Carlos are in their room.
're playing computer games.
- We working today. It's Saturday.
- I feeling very excited.
- He isn't his room. He's reading.
- Where are going?
- I'm not for you.

Comparing present tenses

4 Circle the correct tense.

- I 'm always going always go to bed early.
- Look! Arsenal wins / is winning against Milan.
- What are they doing / do they do at the moment?
- Do you often send / Are you often sending text messages?
- I am never downloading / never download music from the Internet.
- We don't usually go out / 're not usually going out on Wednesdays.
- She doesn't understand / isn't understanding me when I speak Spanish.
- Where are your parents working / do your parents work?
- Please stop. You're annoying / annoy me now.
- I can't see them. Where do they sit / are they sitting today?
- Is Peter the boy who stands / is standing next to the door?

UNIT 2

was/were, there was / there were

1 Complete the sentences.

It was a beautiful day yesterday.

- 1 The hailstones really big. Did you see them?
- 2 She very relaxed in the lesson. She was quite tense.
- 3 There a lot of people at the concert last night.
- 4 There a landslide near the hotel.
- 5 'It rained a lot.' there a flood?'
- 6 They cold. They were very friendly to us.
- 7 It very warm this morning.
- 8 there many students in the after-school club?
- 9 There 60 volcanic eruptions in the world last year.
- 10 It a very boring match and we lost 1-0!

Past simple

2 Write sentences and questions. Use the past simple.

His father / lift / him on to his bike.

His father lifted him on to his bike.

- 1 We / leave / the car in the car park.
- 2 What time / film / start?
- 3 They / not find / any survivors.
- 4 What / you / buy in town?
- 5 The wind / blow / the roofs off the houses.
- 6 The hurricane / not damage / our house.
- 7 More than 50 people / die / in the avalanche.
- 8 I / wake up / very early this morning.
- 9 How / the hurricane / happen?
- 10 The tsunami / not affect / countries in Europe or Africa.

Past continuous

3 Write the words in the correct order.

trainers / they / shorts / wearing / and / were
They were wearing shorts and trainers.

- 1 were / to / they / listening / what / ?
- 2 watching / we / TV / weren't
- 3 I / at / bus / was / the / stop / waiting
- 4 to / talking / I / Ben / wasn't
- 5 getting / hurricane / the / was / stronger
- 6 the / were / chasing / you / storm / why / ?
- 7 in / wasn't / a / she / hotel / staying
- 8 watching / he / the / was / video / ?
- 9 the / listening / weren't / to / you / news
- 10 and / blowing / wind / was / the

Past simple and past continuous

4 Circle the correct words.

I was cooking dinner when the phone was ringing /

rang.

- 1 When I woke up this morning the sun was shining / shone.
- 2 She was hearing / heard a loud noise as she was driving through the National Park.
- 3 Who was she speaking to when I arrived / was arriving?
- 4 They were running for the bus when he fell / falling over.
- 5 What were they doing when the storm began / was beginning?
- 6 We were being / were on holiday when the volcano erupted.
- 7 I wasn't looking at the camera when you took / were taking the photo.
- 8 Suddenly the wind was changing / changed and blew down the trees.
- 9 When the rain stopped / was stopping they ran outside.

UNIT 3

Quantity: some, any, much, many, a lot of

- 1 Tick (✓) the correct sentence in each pair.
- a I don't drink much water. ✓
b I don't drink some water.
- 1 a She doesn't eat many vegetables.
b She doesn't eat much vegetables.
- 2 a Is there a lot of sugar in cola?
b Is there many sugar in cola?
- 3 a Are much of your friends here?
b Are any of your friends here?
- 4 a They don't do some exercise.
b They don't do any exercise.
- 5 a How much fat is there in this snack?
b How many fat is there in this snack?
- 6 a Would you like lot of yoghurt?
b Would you like some yoghurt?
- 7 a I haven't got any grapes.
b I haven't got some grapes.
- 8 a We drink too a lot of coffee.
b We drink too much coffee.
- 9 a Burgers give you a lot of energy.
b Burgers give you much energy.

too and (not) enough

- 2 Write the words in the correct order.
is / this / too / me / exercise / for / easy
This exercise is too easy for me.
- 1 enough / don't / vegetables / they / eat
- 2 too / your / are / short / trousers
- 3 isn't / healthy / her / enough / diet
- 4 in / too / it's / here / cold
- 5 never / enough / have / time / I
- 6 enough / are / warm / you / ?
- 7 lessons / are / the / long / too

Comparatives

3 Complete the sentences. Use the comparative.

- She's without make-up. (attractive)
She's more attractive without make-up.
- 1 This ring is than that ring. (small)
2 I'm feeling than I felt yesterday.
(good)
3 Paul is than John. (energetic)
4 I was in my last job. (happy)
5 He's than me. (intelligent)
6 The noise is in this room. (bad)
7 History is than I.T. (interesting)
8 It's here than outside. (quiet)

Superlatives

4 Circle the correct superlative.

- Laura is fit / the fittest student in the class.
- 1 It was the happier / happiest day of my life.
2 Who is the most tall / tallest in the room?
3 It's the most / more beautiful flower I've ever seen.
4 It was the worst / worse concert I've been to.
5 He's the betterest / best player in the band.
6 Fruit and vegetables are the healthiest /
healthiest type of food.
7 Chemistry is my weakest / most weak subject.

Comparatives and superlatives

5 Complete the text. Use the words in the box.

taller the tallest biggest cleverer
the best more interested the cleverest
more hardworking

My class is the biggest class in the school and I think that it's (1) Peter is the tallest in the class - he's 1.54m, but in general the girls are (2) than the boys. Ella is (3) girl. Everyone is quite hard-working but I think that the girls are (4) than the boys. The boys are (5) in the girls than in their work! Jen is (6) student in the class - she always comes top in the exams. She's definitely (7) than Mike, but don't tell him!

UNIT 4

Present perfect: affirmative

1 Complete the sentences. Use the present perfect of the verbs.

They 've travelled around the world. (travel)

- 1 He dinner. Would you like some?
(make)
- 2 We to Italy. We had a great time. (be)
- 3 She's not at home. She on holiday. (go)
- 4 I thirty kilometres today. (cycle)
- 5 You all the pizza. (eat)
- 6 I my keys. Have you seen them? (lose)
- 7 We before. (meet)
- 8 She a poem for you. (write)
- 9 They difficult weather conditions.
(survive)
- 10 I the highest mountain in Scotland.
(climb)

Present perfect: negative

2 Complete the sentences. Use the negative form of the present perfect and the verbs in the box.

phone meet ride do decide
go have walk be buy

He hasn't ridden a horse before.

- 1 They Jan's parents.
- 2 We dinner at a restaurant for a long time.
- 3 I my homework but I'll do it after dinner.
- 4 You your parents. You should call them before it gets late.
- 5 Astronauts on Mars.
- 6 She skiing this year.
- 7 It a good day today.
- 8 I a ticket. I'll buy one there.
- 9 They what to do.

Present perfect: just

3 Write the words in the correct order.

Australia / 've / just / we / our / bought / to / tickets

We've just bought our tickets to Australia.

- 1 've / homework. / I / my / finished / just
- 2 've / out / just / gone / they

- 3 new / started / he / a / job / just / 's
- 4 just / shoes / 've / you / bought / some
- 5 with / mother / just / has / her / Stella / argued
- 6 just / home / driven / has / David
- 7 just / I / over / fallen / 've
- 8 just / Paco / me / called / has

Present perfect: questions

4 Tick (✓) the correct sentence in each pair.

- a Have you been ever to Mexico?
- b Have you ever been to Mexico? ✓
- 1 a Have you ever travelled in a helicopter?
- b You have ever travelled in a helicopter?
- 2 a Is she met him before?
- b Has she met him before?
- 3 a Where have you been?
- b Where are you been?
- 4 a Have we eaten here before?
- b We have eaten here before?
- 5 a Have they sleep for long enough?
- b Have they slept for long enough?
- 6 a 'Have you tried pasta?' 'No I haven't.'
- b 'Have you tried pasta?' 'No I haven't tried.'
- 7 a Have I ever appeared on TV?
- b Ever have I appeared on TV?
- 8 a Have we see the new Johnny Depp film?
- b Have we seen the new Johnny Depp film?
- 9 a Have many people bought their inventions?
- b Have many people buyed their inventions?

UNIT 5

Present perfect and past simple

- 1 Tick (✓) the correct sentence in each pair.
- A We went there last week. ✓
b We've been there last week.
- 1 a Since the beginning of term I've done lots of extra work.
b Since the beginning of term I did lots of extra work.
- 2 a It's the best book I've ever read.
b It's the best book I ever read.
- 3 a She's a great skier. She always loved skiing.
b She's a great skier. She's always loved skiing.
- 4 a He's done windsurfing one day and he loved it immediately.
b He did windsurfing one day and he loved it immediately.
- 5 a He says that it's the best match he's ever seen.
b He says that it's the best match he ever saw.
- 6 a Who have you met when you've been to the party last week?
b Who did you meet when you went to the party last week?
- 7 a They're very excited. They've never travelled by plane before.
B They're very excited. They never travelled by plane before.

Present perfect and past simple

2 Complete the sentences. Use the present perfect or the past simple and the verbs in the box.

buy go be meet have
see move win

Where did you go last night?

- 1 What bands you last summer?
2 What's the best meal you ever?
3 They the basketball championship last year.
4 she ever a famous person?
5 We heard the CD and we it immediately.
6 Rob always crazy about Chelsea.
7 I to New Zealand four months ago.
8 you Ana on holiday?

Present perfect: for and since

3 Match the two parts of the sentences

- I waited for you for...* d
- 1 We've lived here for...
2 Stella has known Mark since...
3 I haven't been to the cinema for...
4 You haven't phoned since...
5 They've been in that room since...
6 The Beatles have been popular since...
- a Monday.
b weeks.
c the 1960s.
d three hours.
e five years.
f May.
g one o'clock.

Present perfect: for and since

4 Complete the sentences. Use for or since.

- Brad has held the record since April.
- 1 We've known each other 15 years.
2 Skateboards have been popular the 1970s.
3 Paula has studied French three years.
4 I've been here a week.
5 They haven't competed 2004.
6 He hasn't won a match two months.
7 You've had those shoes years.

Present perfect: for and since

5 Tick (✓) the correct sentence in each pair.

- a She's waited for us since six o'clock. ✓
b She's waited for us for six o'clock.
- 1 a They've existed for hundreds of years.
b They've existed since hundreds of years.
- 2 a He hasn't smoked since 2004.
b He hasn't smoked for 2004.
- 3 a I haven't been well since the weekend.
b I haven't been well for the weekend.
- 4 a You haven't written since a long time.
b You haven't written for a long time.

UNIT 6

will and might

1 Write the words in the correct order.

new / scientists / planets / discover / might
Scientists might discover new planets.

- 1 live / I / until / I'm / 100 / might
- 2 go / to / definitely / the / we'll / party
- 3 university / she / study / at / possibly / might
- 4 become / I / we / don't / extinct / think / 'll
- 5 exams / their / definitely / pass / won't / they

2 Complete the sentences. Use will or might.

I'm sure computers will understand people in the future.

- 1 He definitely be taller than his father.
- 2 She live in this country all of her life.
She doesn't know.
- 3 They say they definitely not take drugs
when they're older.
- 4 We go on holiday to Italy this year.
We haven't decided.

First conditional

3 Circle the correct words.

If you'll work / work hard, you'll definitely pass your exams.

- 1 If she eats / will eat healthily she'll stay fit.
- 2 If we'll walk / walk to work we'll get more exercise.
- 3 If you don't look / 're not looking after your teeth, you'll have problems later.
- 4 If it's raining / 'll rain, we'll go by car.
- 5 If they buy him a ticket, he'll come / comes.
- 6 If you're / 'll be unfriendly to people, you won't be very popular.
- 7 If she practises the guitar more, she'll definitely improve / definitely improves.

can, could, will be able to

4 Tick (✓) the correct sentence in each pair.

- a You'll be able to go out later when you're older. ✓
- b You could go out later when you're older.

- 1 a Nina can walk when she was ten months old.
b Nina could walk when she was ten months old.
- 2 a We'll be able to talk to computers in the future.
b We can talk to computers in the future.
- 3 a Paul couldn't to move his arm after the accident.
b Paul couldn't move his arm after the accident.
- 4 a We'll be able to go skiing next year.
b We can to go skiing next year.
- 5 a Scientists can find a cure for cancer in the future.
b Scientists will be able to find a cure for cancer in the future.
- 6 a I can speak French but I can't speak Italian.
b I can speak French but no I can speak Italian.
- 7 a We won't be able to watch the film. The TV isn't working.
b We won't be able watching the film. The TV isn't working.

5 Complete the sentences. Use the words in the box.

could can't to couldn't to get
can see won't could

She can dance but she can't sing.

- 1 They'll be able help this afternoon.
- 2 I went to the dentist yesterday and I speak afterwards.
- 3 I've been to the dentist and I speak now.
- 4 It was very noisy. I only hear a bit of what he was saying.
- 5 You can't much from here. You need to go higher.
- 6 We..... be able to go on holiday this year.
- 7 He'll be able a new car when he starts his job.
- 8 When we were younger, children play in the streets.

UNIT 7

Likes and preferences: would love, would like, would prefer, would hate, wouldn't like

1 Write the words in the correct order.

be / like / to / be / but / I'd / I'd / to / rich / popular / prefer

I'd like to be popular but I'd prefer to be rich.

1 prefer / visit / she'd / China / than / to / Peru

2 hate / they / to / their / sell / house / 'd

3 to / 'd / we / closer / love / live / to / sea / the

4 'd / to / you / in / office / work / hate / an

5 someone / he / like / to / famous / 'd / marry

6 go / would / to / love / travelling / I

7 to / wouldn't / work / in / like / a / hospital / he

8 to / work / they / animals / 'd / with / prefer

9 big / love / 'd / have / to / a / family / you

have to

2 Match the two parts of the sentences.

We don't have to ...

1 Social workers have ...

2 He has to ...

3 My brother ...

4 They ...

5 She has ...

6 You have to be ...

7 Waiters have to ...

8 She ...

9 We don't have ...

a to be back early. We're not going to school tomorrow.

b work long hours. They finish late.

c creative to be a good architect.

d have to get up early tomorrow.

e study for four years to become a nurse.

f wear uniform to school.

g doesn't have to study hard. She's very clever.

h to go to the dentist this afternoon.

i doesn't have to do any homework

j to be caring. They have to be patient, too.

be going to

3 Complete the sentences. Use be going to.

I'm going to leave school when I'm sixteen. (I / leave)

1 Japanese before you go to Japan?
(you / learn)

2 a new camera. Their old one is OK.
(they / not / buy)

3 a party for her birthday.
(she / not / have)

4 to become a journalist. (I / study)

5 on TV tonight. (Marty / be)

6 learning to play the guitar. (we / start)

7 by bus or train? (we / travel)

8 my friends after school. (I / meet)

9 this afternoon? (it / rain)

will and going to

4 Complete the sentences. Use the words in the box.

ll to be happy do stay

probably won't aren't will

I think that she'll marry him.

1 I'm not going..... finish my homework tonight.

2 Do you think that you'll successful when you're older?

3 He won't be if he doesn't win.

4 If he gets the job, he'll a lot of travelling.

5 Paul and Kim aren't going to with us for long.

6 We'll see you later.

7 She thinks that they move to the US. It's too far.

8 We going to stop him.

9 Do you think that Chelsea beat Manchester United tomorrow?

UNIT 8

Second conditional

1 Tick (✓) the correct sentence in each pair.

- a If you put on your helmet you would be safer. ✓
b If you put on your helmet, you are safer.
- 1 a Life will be better if we didn't have to go to school.
b Life would be better if we didn't have to go to school.
- 2 a If they are coming home earlier, their parents wouldn't be angry.
b If they came home earlier, their parents wouldn't be angry.
- 3 a If it wasn't cloudy, we'd be able to see the moon.
b If it isn't cloudy, we'd be able to see the moon.
- 4 a If I have lived near Port Aventura, I'd go there every day.
b If I lived near Port Aventura, I'd go there every day.
- 5 a If we had lots of money, we'd do more travelling.
b If we have lots of money, we'd do more travelling.
- 6 a If I didn't have a dog, I'd get a cat.
b If I didn't have a dog, I'll get a cat.
- 7 a You wouldn't be cold if you wear a hat.
b You wouldn't be cold if you wore a hat.

(not) as ... as

2 Write sentences using (not) as ... as.

My sister / tall / your sister.

My sister is as tall as your sister.

- 1 Tigers / not fast / cheetahs.
- 2 Spain / not cloudy / Britain.
- 3 Football / not dangerous / rugby.
- 4 Cars / safe / motorbikes.
- 5 Your work / not careful / my work.
- 6 I / not hungry / my brother.
- 7 My dog / noisy / your dog.
- 8 The roller coaster / not scary / a horror film.

Obligation: should, must and have to

3 Write the words in the correct order.

should / you / always / your / parents / respect

You should always respect your parents.

- 1 teeth / you / look / your / should / after
- 2 horror / be / scared / films / of / shouldn't / she
- 3 don't / want / go / have / to / if / they / they / don't / to
- 4 mustn't / photographs / take / here / in / you
- 5 morning / we / to / in / leave / have / early / the
- 6 today / I / this / post / must / letter
- 7 have / he / get / doesn't / to / Fridays / early / up / on
- 8 have / you / to / ticket / buy / advance / in / a
- 9 mustn't / it / touch / they

4 Circle the correct words.

I don't have to / mustn't listen to you. You're my sister not my mother.

- 1 You should / should to think before you speak.
- 2 He shouldn't / doesn't have to eat so many crisps. He'll get fat.
- 3 We don't have to / mustn't be late. The concert starts at half past seven.
- 4 You should / shouldn't go to bed early tonight if you're tired.
- 5 You don't have to / mustn't stay too long in the sun.
- 6 They should / must go and live in Australia. They'd love it.
- 7 You mustn't / mustn't to feed the animals in the zoo.
- 8 He doesn't have to / shouldn't wear a hat. It's his decision.
- 9 I can't go out tonight. I have to / mustn't finish my homework.

UNIT 9

Present: affirmative and negative

1 Complete the sentences. Use the present passive.

Houses **are made** of bricks and wood. (make)

- 1 Millions of hamburgers each day. (eat)
- 2 Machu Picchu in Peru by thousands of people every day. (visit)
- 3 The old bridge much. (not use)
- 4 It's cold in here. The rooms during the day. (not heat)
- 5 The north island to the south island by a bridge. (connect)
- 6 The park at eight o'clock. (close)
- 7 Stamps here. (not sell)
- 8 Rioja in La Rioja region of Spain. (make)

Past passive: affirmative and negative

2 Circle the correct words.

Our passports were checked / were check when we arrived.

- 1 The roof was / is damaged in the storm.
- 2 The school was opened / opening in 1905.
- 3 We were frighten / frightened by the noise in the garden.
- 4 The sixth Star Wars film was making / made in 2004.
- 5 The TV wasn't / not was invented until the 1920s.
- 6 The houses weren't made / make of brick. It was wood.
- 7 The children was / were named after their grandparents.
- 8 The Torre Picasso in Madrid was designed by / for Minoru Yamasaki.

Active to passive

3 Make the sentences passive.

Engineers use computers.

Computers are used by engineers.

- 1 They built the bridge in 2003.
- 2 My brothers painted the house.
- 3 They serve breakfast in the hotel at eight o'clock.
- 4 George Lucas directed the Star Wars films.
- 5 They open the museum on Sundays.
- 6 Mice ate the bread.

- 7 They drove them to the station.
- 8 They created the special effects with computers.
- 9 Horror films frighten some people.

Present and past passive: questions

4 Write the words in the correct order.

the / were / built / Pyramids / when / ?

When were the Pyramids built?

- 1 built / in / 1987 / what / here / was / ?
- 2 buried / who / here / is / ?
- 3 eaten / Britain / pizzas / are / in / ?
- 4 storm / your / damaged / car / by / the / was / ?
- 5 broken / football / the / those / were / windows / by / ?
- 6 wood / most / are / made / houses / of / ?
- 7 why / it / sold / was / ?
- 8 cooked / the / is / pasta / oven / in / the / ?
- 9 how / your / is / heated / house ?